

Industrial Revolution

1. Which condition is most necessary to the process of industrialization in a society?
 - A. Dependence on subsistence farming
 - B. Creation of a one crop economy
 - C. Availability of investment capital
 - D. Capture of foreign lands

2. Which statement about immigration to the United States is most accurate?
 - A. The desire for economic advancement has been a major reason for immigration to the United States
 - B. The ethnic mix of immigrants to the United States has remained mostly unchanged.
 - C. The number of immigrants has remained constant in each decade during most of United States history.
 - D. Nearly all immigrants have easily assimilated into American culture.

3. During the late 1800s and early 1900s, where did most of the immigrants to the United States settle?
 - A. urban centers of the Northeast
 - B. plantations of the New South
 - C. mining areas of the Far West
 - D. farming regions of the Great Plains

4. One of Eli Whitney's major contributions to American manufacturing was his idea for
 - A. the steam engine.
 - B. textile mills.
 - C. the factory system.
 - D. interchangeable parts.

5. Which man sneaked the plans for a spinning machine out of England and built a factory in Rhode Island?
 - A. Eli Whitney
 - B. Robert Fulton
 - C. Samuel Slater
 - D. Samuel Morse

6. The Erie Canal connected
 - A. Buffalo and Rochester
 - B. Albany and Buffalo
 - C. Rochester and Albany
 - D. Buffalo and Pittsburgh

7. Americans owed their ability to travel upstream to an invention by
 - A. Eli Whitney
 - B. Robert Fulton
 - C. Samuel Slater
 - D. Orville Wright

8. Which invention is incorrectly paired?
 - A. Eli Whitney -- cotton gin
 - B. Robert Fulton -- steamboat
 - C. Samuel Morse -- telephone
 - D. Samuel Colt -- revolver

9. Francis Cabot Lowell was known for his
 - A. steel mill.
 - B. coal mine.
 - C. textile mill.
 - D. railroad empire

10. How did the British blockade of the American coast during the War of 1812 boost American industry?
 - A. It forced Americans to buy needed goods from Mexico.
 - B. It encouraged Americans to make goods that they had once imported from Europe.
 - C. It encouraged American workers to work as laborers on plantations.
 - D. It stopped factory equipment from being imported.

11. Young women and children were hired for the Lowell mills mainly because they
 - A. worked for less money than men.
 - B. were more numerous in Massachusetts.
 - C. wanted to move to large cities like Lowell.
 - D. were better workers than adult males.

12. What was the immediate impact of the cotton gin?
 - A. It made cotton more profitable.
 - B. It drove planters out of business.
 - C. It made the land more fertile.
 - D. It made slavery unprofitable.

13. What was the long term result of the invention of the cotton gin?
 - A. Cotton farming spread northward.
 - B. Demand for cotton decreased.
 - C. Indians living in the southern uplands planted cotton.
 - D. The demand for slave labor increased.

14. The desire for better working conditions and higher wages led to organizations called
 - A. labor unions.
 - B. artisans.
 - C. unskilled laborers.
 - D. textile workers.

15. Factories no longer had to be built near streams or rivers after the invention of
 - A. the steam engine
 - B. the cotton gin
 - C. spinning wheels
 - D. textiles

16. Which innovation extended the number of hours in a day that Americans could work and play?
 - A. Bessemer Process
 - B. Telegraph technology
 - C. Refrigeration
 - D. Electricity